

United States Patent and Trademark Office

ENITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Boc. 1801 Alexandrin, Virginia 22313-1459 www.uspio.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/663,496 09/12/2003		09/12/2003	Lisa Bhun	426.42	2439	
27019	7590	12/21/2004		EXAMINER		
THE CLOR			SPISICH, MARK			
OAKLAND,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		

DATE MAILED: 12/21/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				5/				
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	,				
		10/663,496	BLUM ET AL.					
•	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Mark Spisich	1744					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence addr	ess				
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failur Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI isions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicativ period for reply specified above, is less than thirty (30) days, period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p te to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by eply received by the Office later than three months after the d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a on. a reply within the statutory minimum of thi veriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed rty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this com BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.				
Status								
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·						
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are pending in the applicated of the above claim(s) is/are with Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction as	hdrawn from consideration.						
Applicati	on Papers	,	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e					
10) 🗌 .	The specification is objected to by the Exa The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to othe drawing(s) be held in abeya prrection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR					
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
Attachment	(s)							
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-1 	52)				

Application/Control Number: 10/663,496

Art Unit: 1744

DETAILED ACTION

Page 2

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: (1) applicant is requested to update the data for the co-pending application mentioned on page 6 (line 33) and page 7 (line 2); (2) "45a" (page 14, line 9) should be -- 44b --; and (3) "42" (page 14, line 12) should be -- 45 --..

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The phrase "non-mechanical articulating means" (claim 27, line 5) is somewhat confusing in that the term "non-mechanical" and "articulating" do not seem that they go together. Any removable coupling between the handle and the cleaning head would constitute at least to some degree a mechanical connection.

Applicant should review the claims for any additional informalities.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States
- 4. Claims 1,2,5,10,11,26,28,29 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Johnson, Sr. (USP 3,753,267). The patent to Johnson discloses a

Application/Control Number: 10/663,496 Page 3

Art Unit: 1744

cleaning head (23) comprising a sponge (60) of "polyurethane or other suitable material" (column 2, lines 32-33), scrim (61) (a Mylar mesh: column 2, line 37) as well as a one-piece flexible (column 2, lines 15-18) fitment including a base (50) and an integral engagement member (52) adapted to removably engage a handle (21). Any article is inherently "disposable" and the mere inclusion of this term in the preamble does not structurally define over the prior art.

- 5. Claim 29 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bates (USP 2,221,128). The patent to Bates discloses a cleaning head comprising a sponge (1) as well as a one-piece flexible fitment including a base (2) and an integral engagement member (3) adapted to removably engage a handle (11).
- 6. Claim 29 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Boulton (USP 1,994,939). The patent to Boulton discloses a cleaning head comprising a sponge (19) and a one-piece flexible fitment including a base (20) and an integral engagement member (21,22) adapted to removably engage a handle.
- 7. Claim 29 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bennington (USP 1,577,944). The patent to Bennington discloses a cleaning head comprising a sponge (7) as well as a one-piece flexible fitment comprising a base (3) and an integral engagement member (8) adapted to removably engage a handle.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

Application/Control Number: 10/663,496

Art Unit: 1744

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3,4,6,7,8,9,12,13,14,22-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson, Sr. (USP 3,753,267). The patent to Johnson discloses a cleaning head (23) comprising a sponge (60) of "polyurethane or other suitable material" (column 2, lines 32-33), scrim (61) (a Mylar mesh: column 2, line 37) as well as a onepiece flexible (column 2, lines 15-18) fitment including a base (50) and an integral engagement member (52) adapted to removably engage a handle (21). With regard to the properties of the sponge (claims 3,4,6,7) and scrim (claim 14), one of ordinary skill would be well aware of materials which are available for use in cleaning and that mere optimization through routine experimentation to suit the particular use does not constitute a patentable step. The sponge and scrim are disk-shaped (claims 8 and 12). The dimensions thereof (claims 8-9) would be an obvious choice of design to suit the particular intended use. The material of the sponge (claims 22 and 23) would be an obvious choice of design (such also being suggested at column 2, lines 32-33). The fitment includes a substantially disk-shaped (claim 24) base (claim 24) and the particular dimensions thereof (claims 24-25) would be an obvious choice of design.

9. Claims 1-7,10,11,14,22,23,26,28 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boulton (USP 1,994,939) in view of Siemund (USP 3,406,420). The patent to Boulton discloses a cleaning head (11) comprising a sponge (19) and a one-piece flexible fitment including a base (20) and an integral engagement member (21,22) adapted to removably engage a handle. The patent to Boulton discloses the invention substantially as claimed with the exception of the scrim. The patent to

Application/Control Number: 10/663,496

Art Unit: 1744

Siemund discloses a sponge (24,26) cleaning member as well as a layer of scrim (12). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to have provided the device of Boulton with such a scrim over the sponge to better remove encrusted dirt. The material of the sponge and the properties thereof (claims 2-7) would amount to an obvious design choice to one of ordinary skill in the art. The scrim (12) of Siemund is a polyester (column 4, line70) (claim 10). As with the sponge, the properties of the scrim (claim 14) and the material of the fitment (claims 22-23) would amount to an obvious design choice.

- 10. Claims 15-21 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson, Sr. (USP 3,753,267) in view of Stima et al (USP 4,793,019). The patent to Johnson discloses the invention substantially as claimed with the exception of the cleaning composition. It is well known in the cleaning art to provide a cleaning composition within a cleaning member, such as is taught by Stima (column 3, lines 53-65). The provision of **any** cleaning composition which suits the particular intended use would be obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art. With regard to claim 30, the prior art discloses the same general materials that are in the present application and the mere recitation of an obscure property fails to define over the prior art in that one could reasonably assume that the prior art structure at least comes close to the recited value.
- 11. Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bennington (USP 1,577,944) in view of Siemund (USP 3,406,420). The patent to Bennington discloses a cleaning head comprising a sponge (7) as well as a flexible fitment including an engagement member (8) adapted to removably engage a handle.

Art Unit: 1744

The patent to Bennington fails to disclose the scrim. The provision of an abrasive scrim/net over a sponge to aid in cleaning is well known in the art, as is shown in Siemund (#12). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to have provided the device of Bennington with a scrim to aid in cleaning. **NOTE:** The last line of claim 27 is confusing. The best guess of the examiner is that this claim is meant to cover the embodiment of figures 13-14. The flexibility of the fitment (3) of Bennington would allow movement of the handle (which fits in aperture (9) in the same manner as in figure 13.

Conclusion

12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The cited patents are pertinent to readily detaching cleaning heads with EP '282 and GB '775 to pads impregnated with a detergent.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mark Spisich whose telephone number is (571) 272-1278. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th (5:30-3:00), Alternate Fri off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert J Warden can be reached on (571) 272-1281. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 1744

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Mark Spisich Primary Examiner Art Unit 1744

MS